

**SIMULAREA EXAMENULUI DE ADMITERE LA
ACADEMIA FORȚELOR AERIENE "HENRI COANDĂ"
2017**

PROBA ELIMINATORIE – LIMBA ENGLEZĂ

A. Partea I: CITIT

(Citirea cu atenție)

Choose the correct answer a, b, c, or d.

April Fools' Day is celebrated in different countries around the world on April 1 every year. Sometimes referred to as **All Fools' Day**, April 1 is not a national holiday, but is widely recognized and celebrated as a day when many people play all kinds of jokes and foolishness. The day is marked by the commission of good-humored or otherwise funny jokes, hoaxes, and other practical jokes of varying sophistication on friends, family members, teachers, neighbors, work associates, etc. Traditionally, in some countries such as New Zealand, the UK, Cyprus, and South Africa, the jokes only last until noon, and someone who plays a trick after noon is called an "April Fool" and taunted "April Fool's Day's past and gone, You're the fool for making one." Elsewhere, such as in France, Italy, South Korea, Japan, Russia, The Netherlands, Germany, Brazil, Canada, Ireland, Australia, and the U.S., the jokes last all day.

1. The article informs us that ...

a	April Fool's Day is equally recognized by all countries around the world
b	April Fool's Day is not a national celebration, yet enjoyed by people
c	April Fool's Day is celebrated twice a year in some countries
d	April Fool's Day is celebrated annually on April 11

2. We learn from the article that April Fool's Day ...:

a	is a day when people meet and tell jokes to their friends.
b	is a day when friends, family members, teachers, neighbors and work associates meet
c	is a day when people play humorous jokes on friends, family members, teachers, neighbors
d	celebrates friends, family members, teachers, neighbors, work associates

3. The length of the celebration is established...

a	according to the person who plays the trick
b	according to how one plays the trick
c	according to the tradition of own country
d	according to the country where it is celebrated

The **Walls of Dubrovnik** are a series of stone walls that have surrounded and protected the citizens of the city-state of Dubrovnik against any hostile forces that may have wished to conquer the citadel. With numerous additions and modifications throughout their history, they have been considered to be among the great fortification systems of the Middle Ages, as they were never breached by a hostile army during this time period. Today's intact city walls, constructed mainly during the 12th–17th centuries, have long been a source of pride for Dubrovnik. The fact that Dubrovnik managed to survive a fifteen month-long invasion by the Saracens in the 9th century proves how well the city was fortified.

4. The text informs us that...:

a	the Walls of Dubrovnik were erected to protect enemy forces
b	the Walls of Dubrovnik were erected to protect the citizens of the citadel
c	the Walls of Dubrovnik were protected by citizens
d	the stone walls were surrounded by hostile forces that conquered the citadel

5. We learn from the text that...:

a	citizens are proud of the modifications made to the walls during Middle Ages
b	the city was fortified by the hostile army
c	people of Dubrovnik are proud that the city walls were never conquered by enemies
d	Dubrovnik capitulated after the invasion of the Saracens

(Citirea selectivă)

Big Ben is the nickname for the great bell of the clock at the north end of the Palace of Westminster in London, and is generally extended to refer to the clock or the clock tower as well. This extension is technically incorrect, but its usage is now entirely commonplace. It is the largest four-faced mechanical clock and the third-tallest free-standing clock tower in the world. It celebrated its 150th anniversary in May 2009, during which celebratory events took place. The clock was finished being built on 10th of April, 1858. The clock tower has become one of the most prominent symbols of both London and England, often in the establishing shot of films set in the city.

6. 'Big Ben' is generally used to designate....

a	the great bell
b	the clock
c	the tower bell
d	the clock tower

7. Big Ben represents...:

a	the greatest mechanical clock
b	the largest clock in the world
c	the third-tallest mechanical clock
d	the tallest clock

8. When was the clock finished?

a	on May, 2009
b	on May, 1858
c	on April, 2009
d	on April, 1858

The British Museum is a museum of human history and culture in London. Its collections, which number more than seven million objects, are among the largest and most comprehensive in the world and originate from all continents, illustrating the story of human culture from its beginnings to the present.

The British Museum was established in 1753, based on the collections of the physician and scientist Sir Hans Sloane. The museum first opened to the public on 15 January 1759 in Bloomsbury, on the site of the current museum building. Its expansion over the following two and a half centuries was a result of an expanding British colonial footprint and has resulted in the creation of several branch institutions, the first being the British Museum (Natural History) in November 1887.

Until 1997, when the British Library (previously centered on the Round Reading Room) moved to a new site, the British Museum was unique in that it housed both a national museum of antiquities and a national library in the same building.

9. The objects housed by the British Museum come from...:

a	City of London
b	the largest British collections
c	the human history and culture
d	all continents

10. The British Museum was founded...:

a	on 15 January 1759
b	in 1997
c	in 1753
d	in November 1887

11. What did the British Museum house until 1997?

a	the largest objects in the world
b	scientific collections from London
c	personal antiquities and books
d	a national museum of antiquities and a national library

The **Globe Theatre** was a theatre in London associated with William Shakespeare. It was built in 1599 by Shakespeare's playing company, the Lord Chamberlain's Men, and was destroyed by fire on 29 June 1613 during a performance of *Henry the Eighth*. Theatrical cannon, set off during the performance, misfired, igniting the wooden beams and thatching. According to one of the few surviving documents of the event, no one was hurt except a man whose burning breeches were put out with a bottle of ale.

A second Globe Theatre was built on the same site by June 1614 and closed by the Puritans in 1642, like all the other theatres in London. A modern reconstruction of the Globe, named "Shakespeare's Globe", opened in 1977, approximately 230 meters (750 ft) from the site of the original theatre.

12. The Globe Theatre was constructed by...:

a	Shakespeare's wooden beams
b	Shakespeare's playing company
c	Lord Chamberlain
d	Puritans' companions

13. Who was hurt during the fire?

a	no one
b	some
c	anyone
d	one man

14. When was the theatre rebuilt?

a	1599
b	1642
c	1613
d	1614

15. What was the name of the modern reconstruction of the Globe?

a	Shakespeare Globe
b	The Globe
c	Shakespeare's Globe
d	The Globe Theatre.

B. Partea a II-a: ELEMENTE DE GRAMATICĂ ȘI VOCABULAR (Gramatică)

Choose the correct answer a, b, c, or d.

16. In the north of France... many monasteries worth visiting.

a	exists
b	there are
c	there is
d	there have

17. Of the two neighbors of mine, one is very kind...

a	the others are not
b	the other is not
c	another is not
d	other is not

18. We saw... in the mirror.

a	ourself
b	ourselves
c	ourselves
d	ourselvs

19. When...school?

a	did he finish
b	he finished
c	he did finish
d	did he finshed

20. The weather today is...the day before yesterday.

a	as good as or better that it was
b	as good or better than
c	as good as or gooder than it was
d	as good as or better as it was

21. Show me the boy...father is a doctor!

a	who`s
b	whose
c	who
d	of who

22. Your car is faster than ...

a	my
b	mine
c	mine`s
d	my`s

23. My daughter from school in 2011.

a	has graduated
b	graduated
c	graduate
d	can graduate

24. I'm afraid and that's....truth.

a	a
b	the
c	an
d	one

25. If I...you, I would solve the problem soon.

a	was
b	have been
c	were
d	has been

(Vocabular)

26. My room is...the second floor.

a	at
b	by
c	on
d	in

27. I've ...told her several times but she doesn't understand.

a	yet
b	already
c	no longer
d	still

28. ...have you been working here?

a	How long time
b	How much time
c	How long
d	How much

29. His of English surprised me.

a	knowledges
b	information
c	datas
d	knowledge

30. If you don't mind, I should ...you a suggestion.

a	make
b	show
c	say
d	place

31. John has spent a large... of money on his new car.

a	deal
b	number
c	amount
d	quantity

32. It looks...it's going to snow.

a	that
b	as
c	as if
d	like that

33. The ink left a ...on the table-cloth.

a	color
b	stain
c	fault
d	wound

34. How much money do I ...you?

a	debt
b	borrow
c	owe
d	own

35. Have you...for that job?

a	appointed
b	applied
c	presented
d	succeeded

C. Partea a III-a: SCRIS

36. Choose the most appropriate line to formulate an informal request:

a	Would you be so kind to show me the way out?
b	Excuse me, can you show me the way out?
c	Will you show me the way out?
d	How can I get out of here?

37. Choose the most appropriate line to make a formal invitation.

a	Would you like to go to a picnic tomorrow afternoon?
b	Do you feel like going to a picnic tomorrow afternoon?
c	Let's go to a picnic tomorrow afternoon!
d	Can you come to a picnic tomorrow afternoon?

38. Choose the most appropriate line to finish a formal letter.

a	We are anxious to meet again,
b	I wish you happiness,
c	Yours truly,
d	Yours,

39. Which sentence may be an informal invitation?

a	Would you like to go to a concert?
b	Let's go to a concert!
c	Do you mind if I ask you to go to a concert?
d	Would you be so kind to join me to a concert?

40. Which is the best way to end an application?

a	I'm waiting for your call.
b	I look forward to your interview.
c	I'm expecting your phone call.
d	I expect your answer.

41. Which is the correct address?

a	254667 WA, 5, Queens Road, US
b	US, Queens Road, 5, 254667 WA
c	WA, 254667 US, Queens Road, 5
d	5 Queens Road, 254667 WA, US

42. Which is the correct order?

a	Tomorrow I will tell you the story at school.
b	I will tell the story to you tomorrow at school.
c	I will tell you at school the story tomorrow.
d	I will tell you the story at school tomorrow.

43. Which is the most logical statement?

a	He would go skiing if he were you.
b	He would go skiing if he weren't you.
c	He wouldn't go skiing if he weren't you.
d	He would go skiing if he was you.

44. Which is the correct narration?

a	She ever hardly remembers to call.
b	She remembers hardly ever to call.
c	She hardly ever remembers to call.
d	She remembers to call hardly ever.

45. Which is the correct sentence?

a	I probably won't take the early train tomorrow.
b	I won't take probably the early train tomorrow.
c	I won't take the early train probably tomorrow.
d	I won't take the probably early train tomorrow.

THIS IS THE END OF THE TEST

**BAREM DE EVALUARE ȘI APRECIERE A
TESTULUI GRILĂ LA LIMBA ENGLEZĂ**

Simulare 2017

1	b	16	b	31	c
2	c	17	b	32	c
3	c	18	b	33	b
4	b	19	a	34	c
5	c	20	b	35	b
6	d	21	a	36	b
7	a	22	b	37	a
8	d	23	b	38	c
9	d	24	b	39	b
10	c	25	c	40	b
11	d	26	c	41	d
12	b	27	b	42	d
13	d	28	c	43	a
14	d	29	d	44	c
15	d	30	a	45	a